



Searches for New Physics in the Top Quark Sector at the Tevatron

Ford Garberson
(Yale University)

CDF Top Results: http://www-cdf.fnal.gov/physics/new/top/public_tprop.html

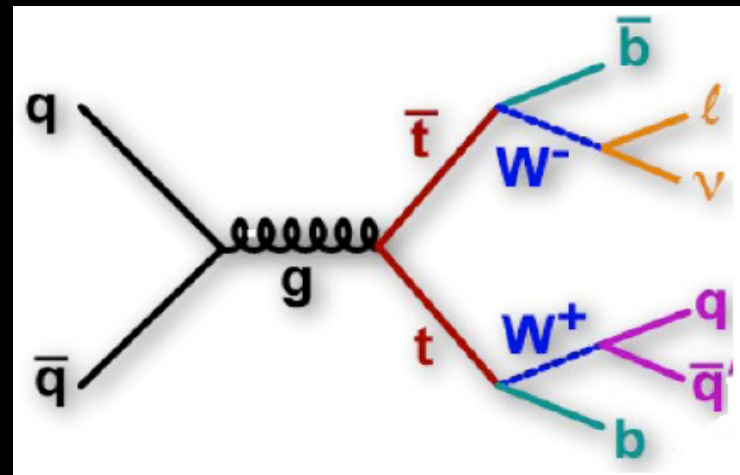
D0 Top Results: http://www-d0.fnal.gov/Run2Physics/top/top_public_web_pages/top_public.html



Introduction



- Thousands of “top quarks” have been produced at the Tevatron
 - How do we test if they are Standard Model?



Typical $t\bar{t}$ Production process at Tevatron

- The direct approach:
 - Search data for presence of specific non-SM processes
 - Comparison with simulation of new processes
- The indirect approach
 - Measure properties and compare with SM expectations
 - Top mass, charge, spin, cross section, kinematics



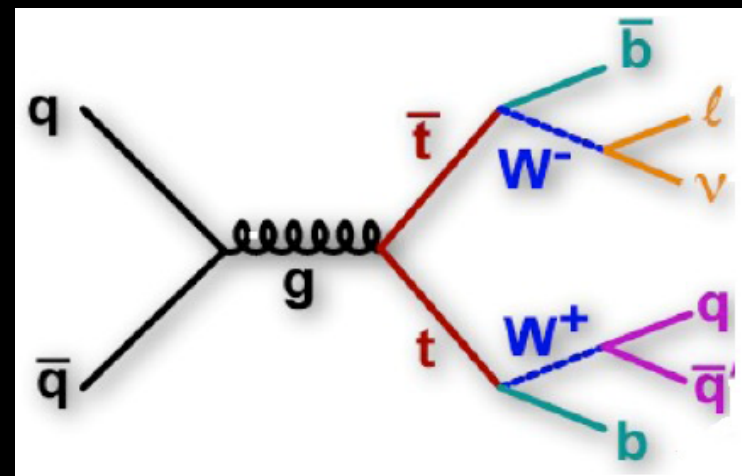
Introduction



- Thousands of “top quarks” have been produced at the Tevatron
 - How do we test if they are Standard Model?

Covered in this talk and the next one

- The direct approach:
 - Search data for presence of specific non-SM processes
 - Comparison with simulation of new processes



Typical $t\bar{t}$ Production process at Tevatron

- The indirect approach
 - Measurements and
 - Top quark mass, spin, cross section, kinematics

Dedicated Talks
in other Sessions

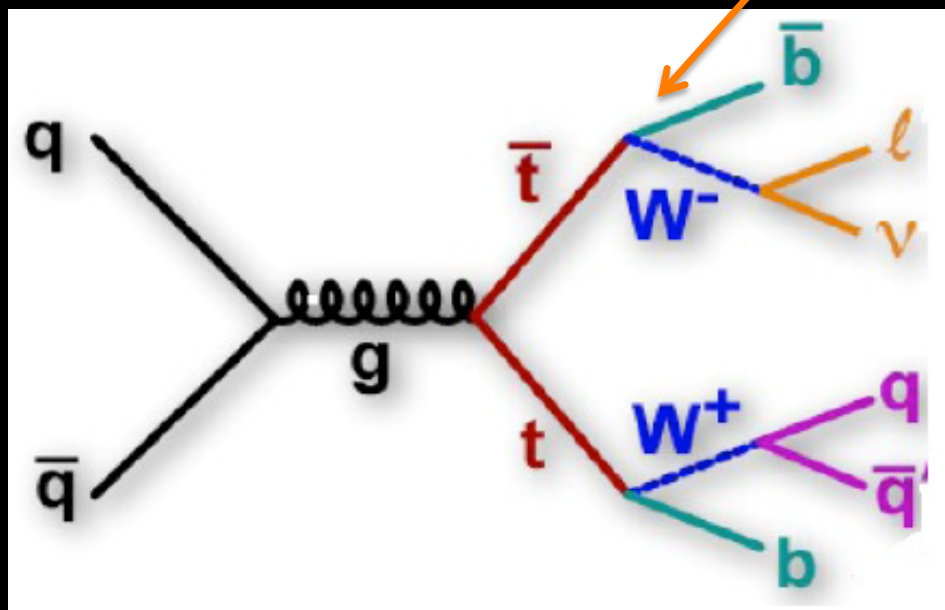


Identification of Top Quarks



- What we expect if the Standard Model is correct ...

Tops Almost Always Decay to Wb ~100%
of the time



- Final states depend on W decay modes. Expect ...
 - 2 b -jets
 - Can tag them based on lifetime, etc
 - 0, 2, or 4 other jets
 - Usually study modes with 1 or 2 leptons (less background)
 - Plus missing energy from neutrino(s)



Searches for Massive $X \Rightarrow t\bar{t}$



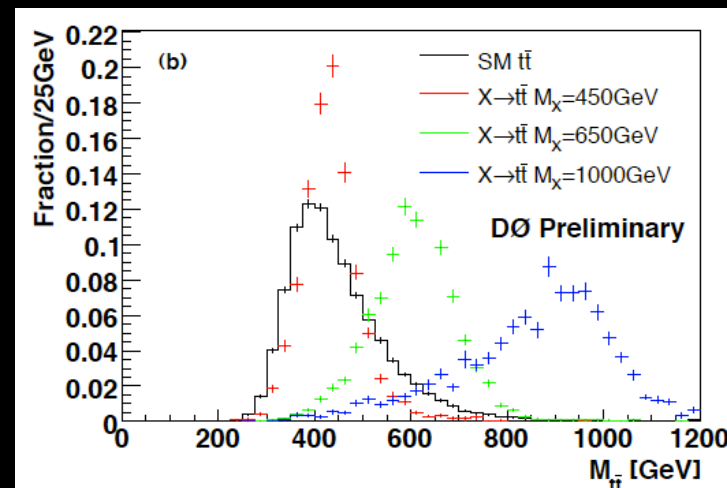
- A number of scenarios predict massive particles decaying to $t\bar{t}$
 - Searches: reconstruct invariant $t\bar{t}$ mass, search for excesses beyond standard model
- D0 search: 3.6 fb^{-1} in single lepton channel
 - Require isolated lepton, missing energy, at least three jets, one or more b -tagged
 - Allows a jet to be lost due to merging: especially important for massive X decays



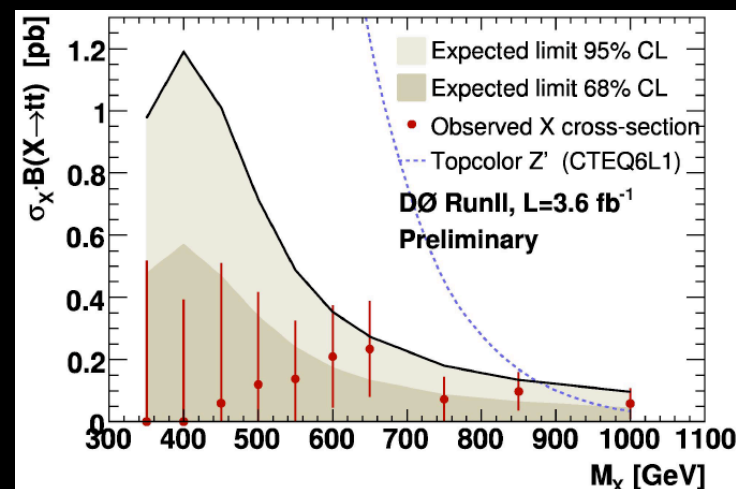
D0 $X \Rightarrow t\bar{t}$ Resonance Results



- Reconstruct $t\bar{t}$ invariant mass from four leading jets, MET
 - Use simulation of $X \Rightarrow t\bar{t}$ processes, Poisson probability for signal consistency:
- $$P(\sigma, m) = \prod_{i=1}^{n_{bins}} e^{-\mu_i(\sigma, m)} \frac{\mu_i(\sigma, m)^{n_i}}{n_i!}$$
- Largest excess less than 2 sigma at X mass ~650 GeV
 - Set 95% confidence limits for various spin, width hypotheses for X particle



Invariant mass Predictions for SM $t\bar{t}$, $X \Rightarrow t\bar{t}$ at different masses



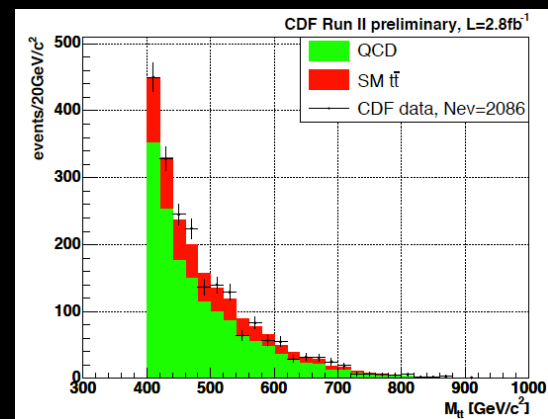
D0 95% Limits on $X \Rightarrow t\bar{t}$ Cross Section for 3.6 fb^{-1}



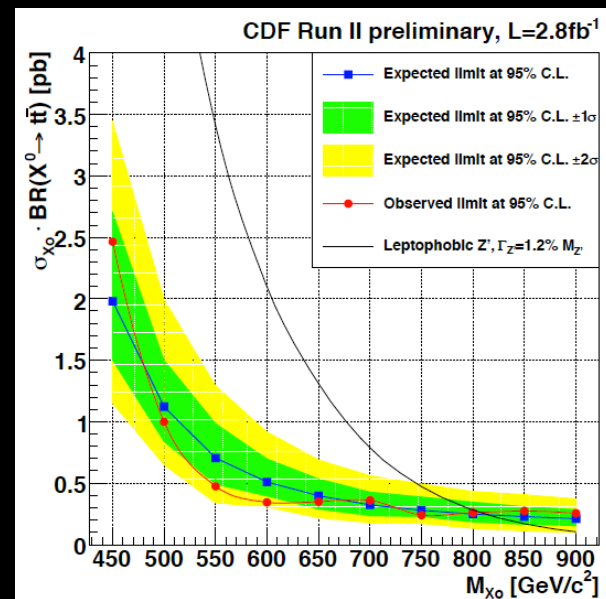
CDF $X \Rightarrow t\bar{t}$ Resonance Results



- CDF has recently done this search in the all-jets top-decay channel
 - Reduce QCD background with Neural Network Selection
 - Tests/systematics from many control regions
- $M_{t\bar{t}}$ reconstruction from matrix element + transfer functions technique
 - Described in detail in top-mass talk



Invariant mass Predictions for SM $t\bar{t}$, $X \Rightarrow t\bar{t}$ at different masses



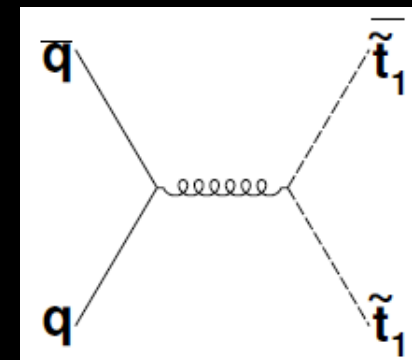
CDF 95% Confidence limits on $X \Rightarrow t\bar{t}$
Cross section in All-Jet Channel (2.8 fb^{-1})



Search for Stop Production



- Lightest stop quark may be too light to decay into top
 - Chargino may be light.
 - So CDF searches for $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^+$
 - If chargino is heavier then forbidden
 - So D0 searches for $\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\nu}^0\bar{l}^+$
- D0 Search: require low Pt opposite sign muon-electron events
 - Very small Standard Model backgrounds
 - Reduce $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ and fake QCD backgrounds:
 - Require $\text{MET} > 18 \text{ GeV}$
 - Require that MET is not close to either lepton

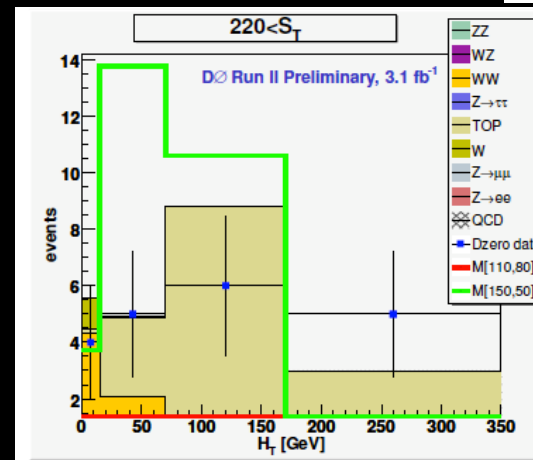




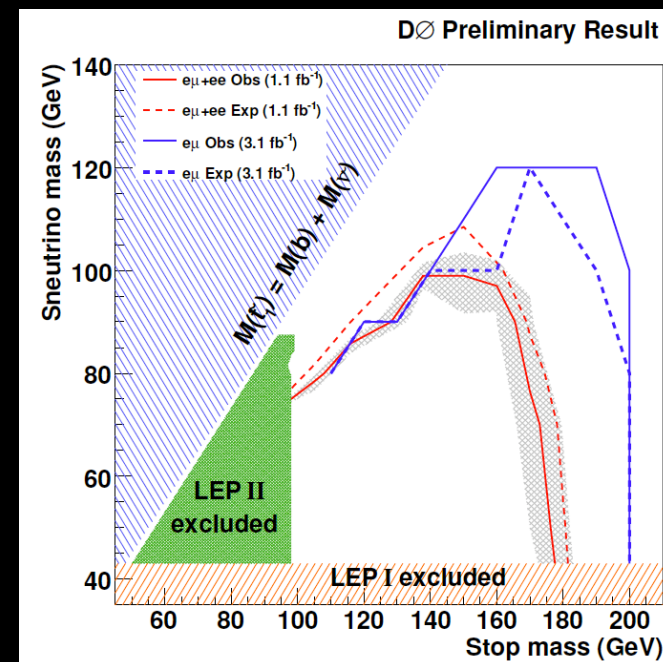
D0: Search for Stop to Sneutrino Decays



- **Search for excess in kinematic distributions**
 - HT: scalar sum of jet pT
 - ST: HT + lepton pT + missing transverse energy
 - Example: for heavy stop expect high ST, low HT
- **No excess found**
 - Set limits using ROOT TLimit package
 - Assuming 100% branching ratio of stop to this decay channel

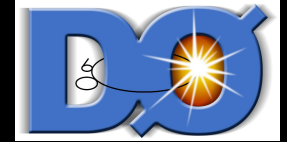


Expected Excesses at high ST





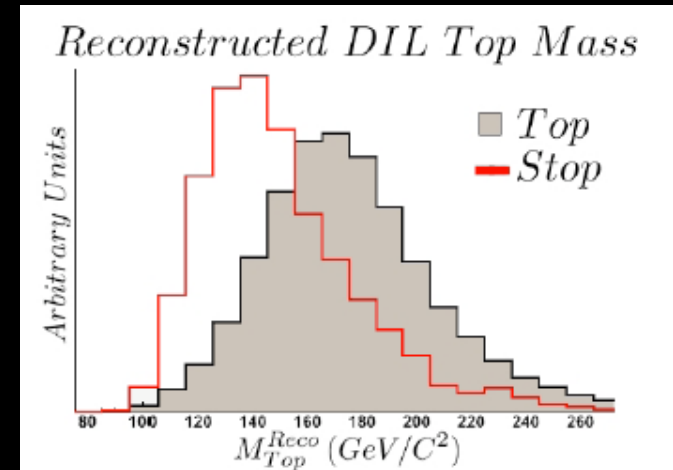
CDF: Search for Stop to Chargino Decays



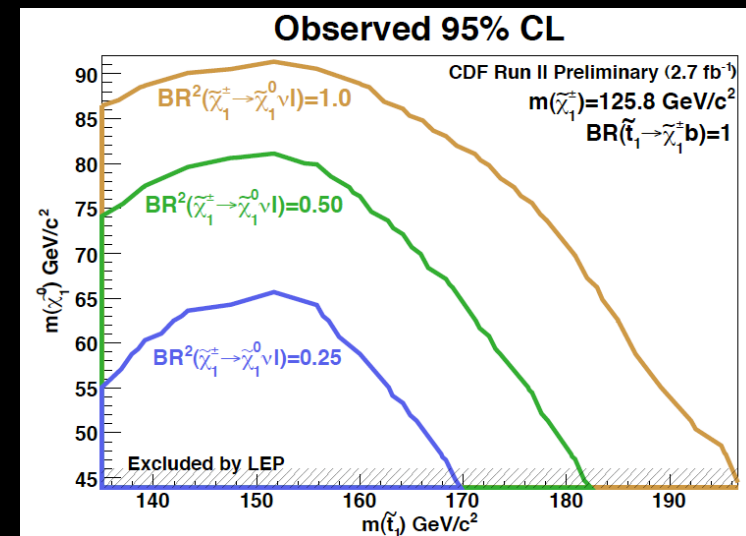
- CDF searches for stop under light chargino scenario:

$$\tilde{t}\tilde{t} \rightarrow b\bar{b}l^{-}\bar{l}^{+}\nu\bar{\nu}\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$$

- Reconstruct stop masses
 - Approximations and chi2 minimization to deal with under-constrained system
- No excess, set limits based on stop mass fit



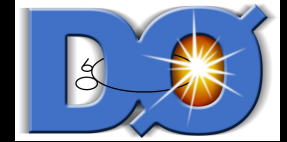
Reconstructed Stop Quark Mass



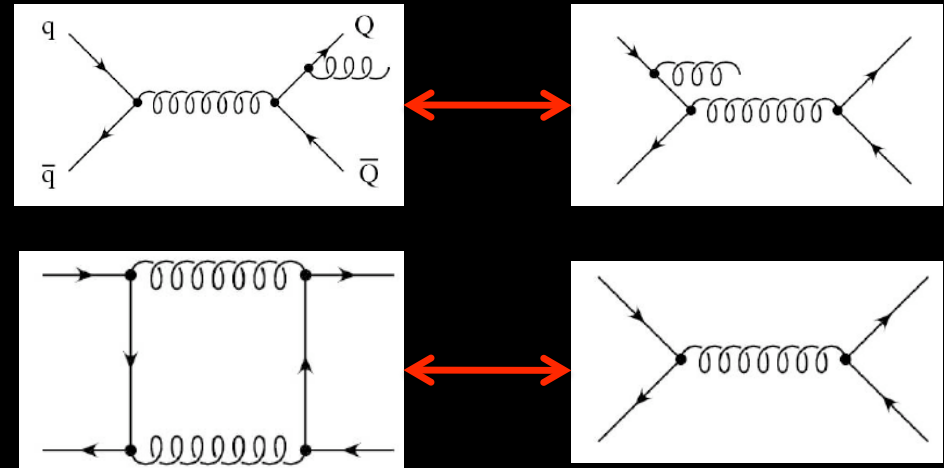
CDF 2.7 fb⁻¹: Exclusion limits depend on Chargino mass and Chargino to Neutralino BR



Top Charge Asymmetry



- At LO expect (almost) equivalent directions for t and \bar{t} production
 - But at NLO, two effects cause \bar{t} to be produced preferentially in anti-quark direction and vice versa



NLO Interferences that Cause Asymmetry

- An indirect search: is top quark asymmetry as expected?
 - Standard Model: expect $A_{fb} = 0.05 \pm 0.015$

$$A_{fb} = \frac{N_t(p) - N_t(\bar{p})}{N_t(p) + N_t(\bar{p})}$$



Results

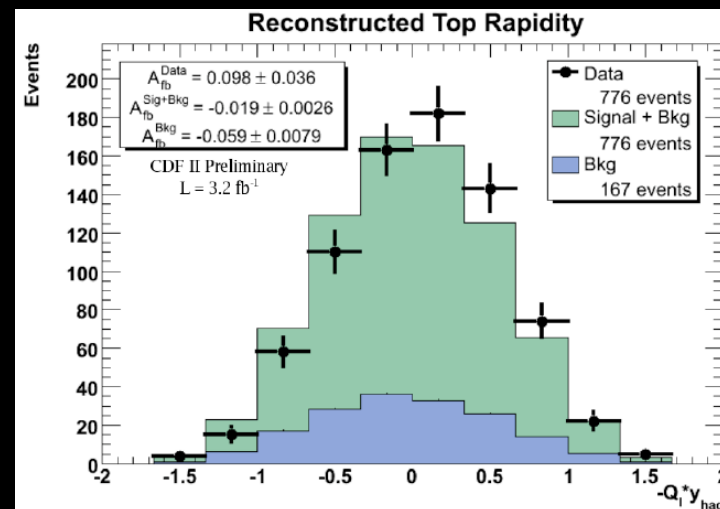


- **Raw asymmetry ~ 0.10**
 - Subtract off backgrounds: 0.14
 - Event selection biases A_{fb} , and reconstruction of direction smears it
 - Correct and unfold to determine $t\bar{t}$ A_{fb} in $p\bar{p}$ rest-frame. At 3.2 fb^{-1} :

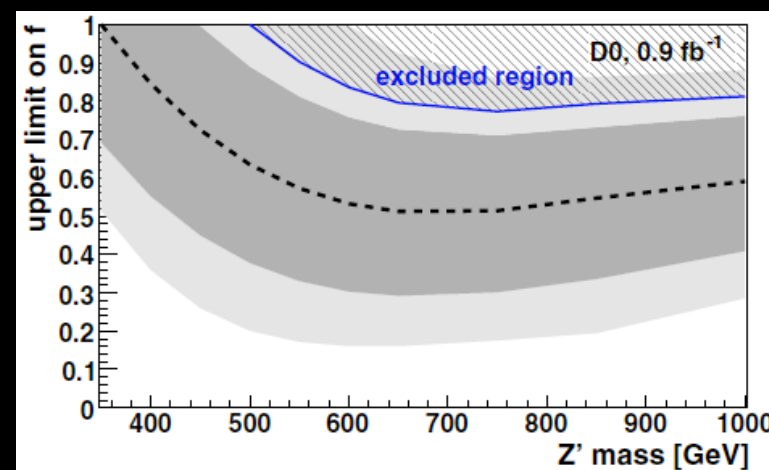
$$A_{fb} = 0.193 \pm 0.065(\text{stat}) \pm 0.024(\text{syst})$$

- **Consistent with 0.9 fb^{-1} published D0 result:**

$$A_{fb} = 0.12 \pm 0.08(\text{stat}) \pm 0.01(\text{syst})$$



Noticeable Asymmetry in Reconstructed +Charge Top Quark Rapidity



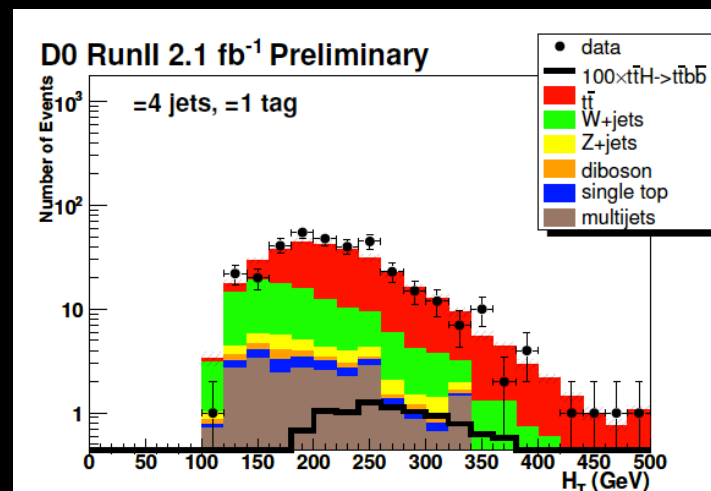
D0 Translates A_{fb} Results into Exclusion limits on massive $Z \Rightarrow t\bar{t}$ Rate



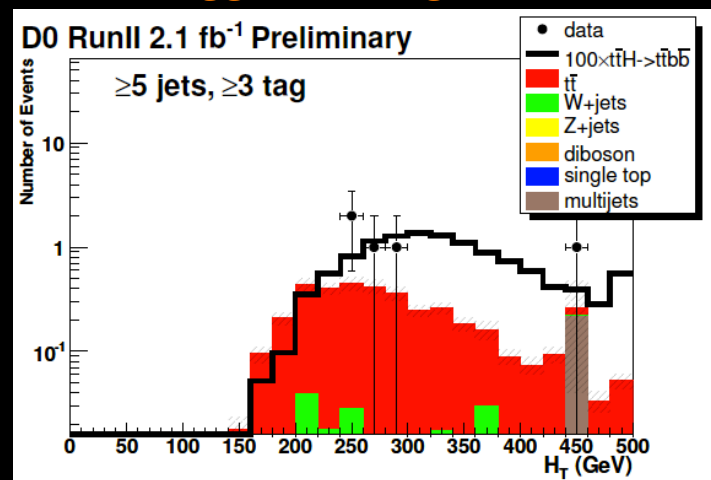
Search for $t\bar{t}H$ Production



- Cross section for Standard Model $t\bar{t}H$ production too small to observe at Tevatron
 - But sensitive to new physics scenarios
- Search in single-lepton $t\bar{t}$ sample
- Three variables to discriminate signal:
 - Six bins in $\#jets, \#tagged$ jets
 - Use distribution of Sum HT in each bin



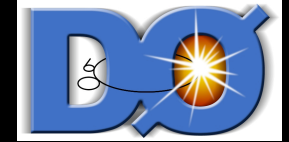
Data and Expectations for events with 4 jets, one b -tagged (background validation)



Data and Expectations for events with ≥ 5 jets, ≥ 3 b -tagged (possible signal)



Extraction of Limits



- No signal excess found so set limits
 - Standard frequentist approach used by Higgs group
 - Also set limits on exotic physics scenario
 - Massive gluon coupling to heavy top quark

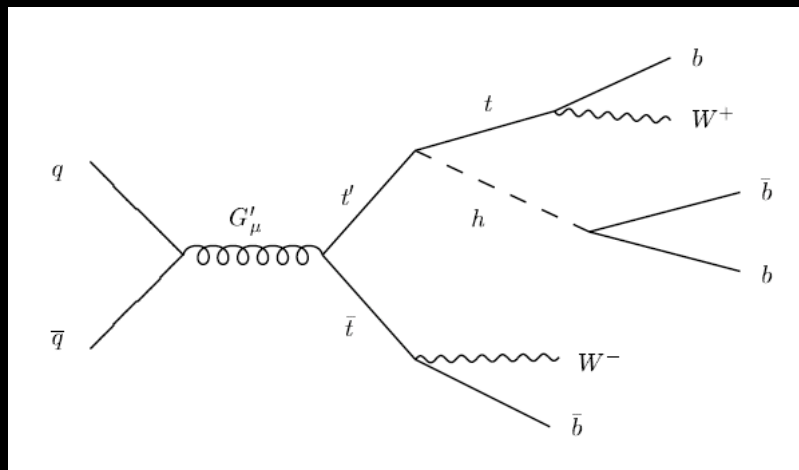
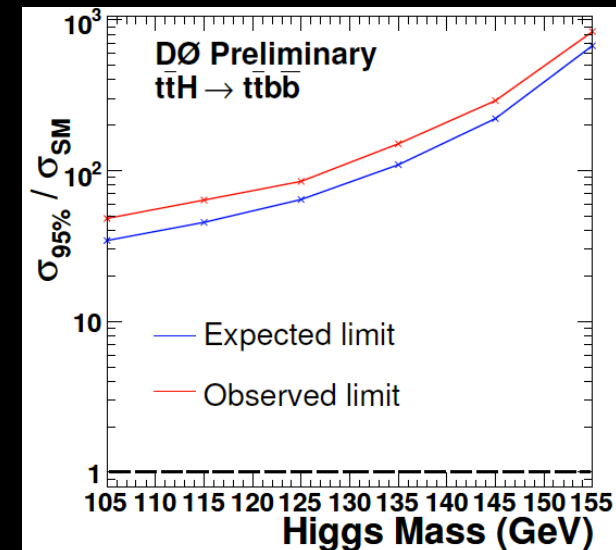
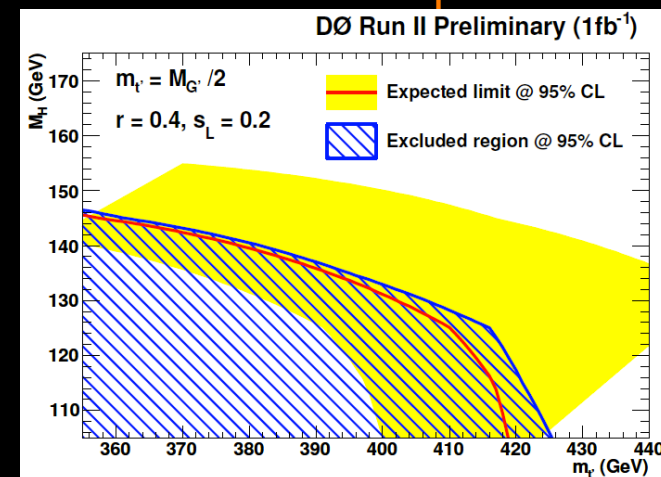


Diagram for Massive Gluon
+heavy top Search



2.1 fb⁻¹ Expected and Observed
Limits on SM $t\bar{t}H$ production



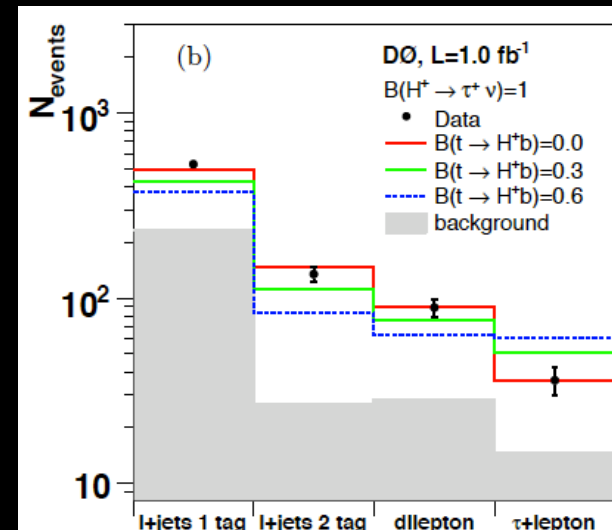
Phase-Space Excluded in Massive
Gluon+Heavy top scenario



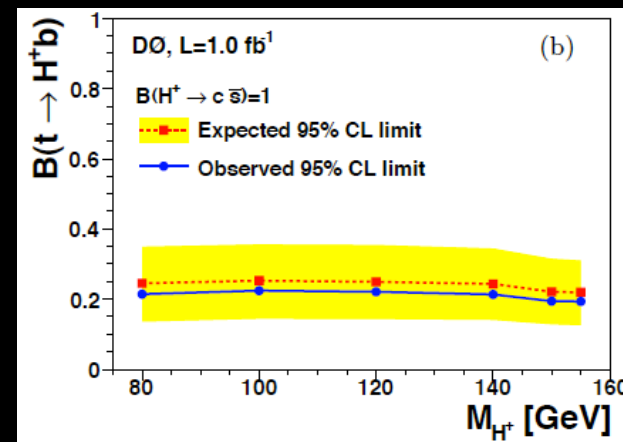
Search for $t \Rightarrow H^+ b$



- Does top ever decay into charged Higgs?
 - D0, 1 fb^{-1} : Search in $H^+ \Rightarrow \tau \nu$, $H^+ \Rightarrow cs$ decay channels
- Counting experiment
 - #events in channels based on number of jets, electrons, muons, taus, b -tags
 - No excess seen, set limits on $t \Rightarrow H^+ b$ BR as function of H^+ mass, fraction of H^+ 's that decay tauonically or hadronically



#Observed Events in Four categories of decay channels.
Red: Standard Model



BR Limits on $t \Rightarrow H^+ b$, hadronic H^+ decays.
Yellow: 1-sigma SM Expectations.



Search for $t \rightarrow H^+ b$ in NMSSM



- **LEP and D0 limits:**
 - Unlikely that top decays to $H^+ b$ under MSSM channel

- **Consider NMSSM scenario:**
 - H^+ would decay into neutral Higgs, which is excluded at high mass
 - $A \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ excluded, so search for:

$$t \rightarrow H^\pm b \rightarrow W^\pm A b \rightarrow W^\pm b \tau \bar{\tau}$$

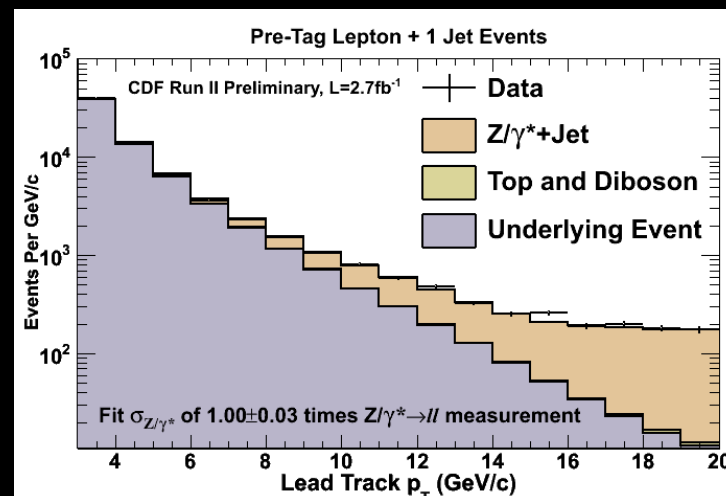
- **Final search in $t\bar{t}$ single lepton channel**
 - Separate from SM $t\bar{t}$ by searching for an extra low- p_T isolated track (from a tau decay)



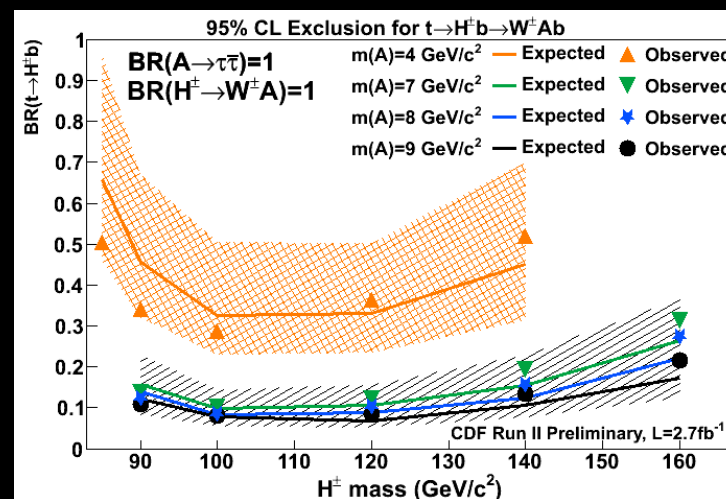
Backgrounds and Results



- **Most challenging background:**
 - $t\bar{t}$ with extra track from underlying event
 - Model underlying event from jet-triggered data
 - Validate with Z+jet cross section measurement from fit to track- p_T
- **No excess signal**
 - Set limits on NMSSM parameters (2.7 fb^{-1})



Validation of Underlying Event Model: Fit to Z+Jet Cross Section



2.7 fb^{-1} Limits on $t \rightarrow H^+ b$ Branching Ratio Depending on NMSSM parameters



Conclusion



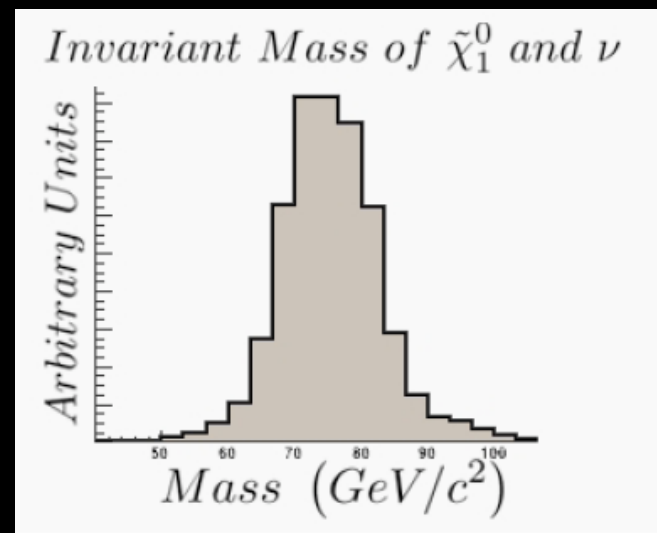
- Tevatron has produced enough top statistics for high-precision measurements
 - Possible to constrain many exotic physics scenarios
- Many direct searches for new physics have been performed:
 - No evidence of significant rate of heavy $X \Rightarrow t\bar{t}$
 - No evidence of supersymmetric tops being produced
 - No evidence of tops decaying to charged Higgs
- But still plenty of room for new physics
 - Top charge asymmetry larger than expected at both experiments (>2 sigma at CDF). More statistics being collected!
- Many more studies in next talk



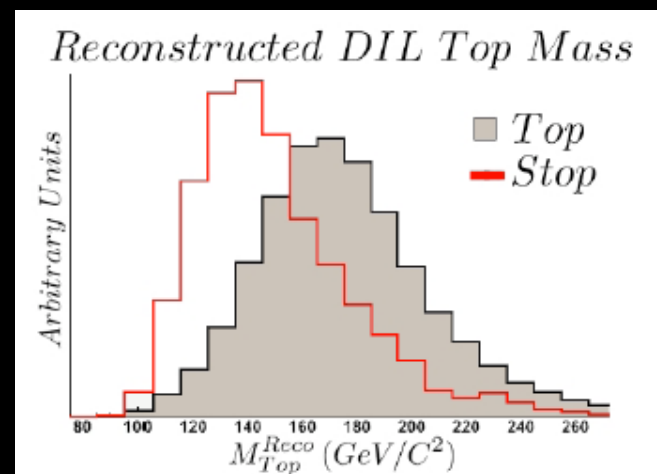
CDF Stop Mass Procedure



- **Challenge to reconstructing top quark mass:**
 - System is underconstrained
 - Two invisible particles from each chargino decay
 - Approximation: treat each neutralino + neutrino as one massive pseudo-particle
- **Pick hypothesis pseudo-particle momenta that best satisfy chi2 constraint**
 - Sum over phi-directions of pseudo-particles, weighted by chi-square probability



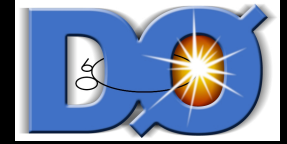
Invariant “Pseudo-Particle” mass of Neutralino-Neutrino



Reconstructed Stop Quark Mass



CDF Stop Mass Fit And Limits



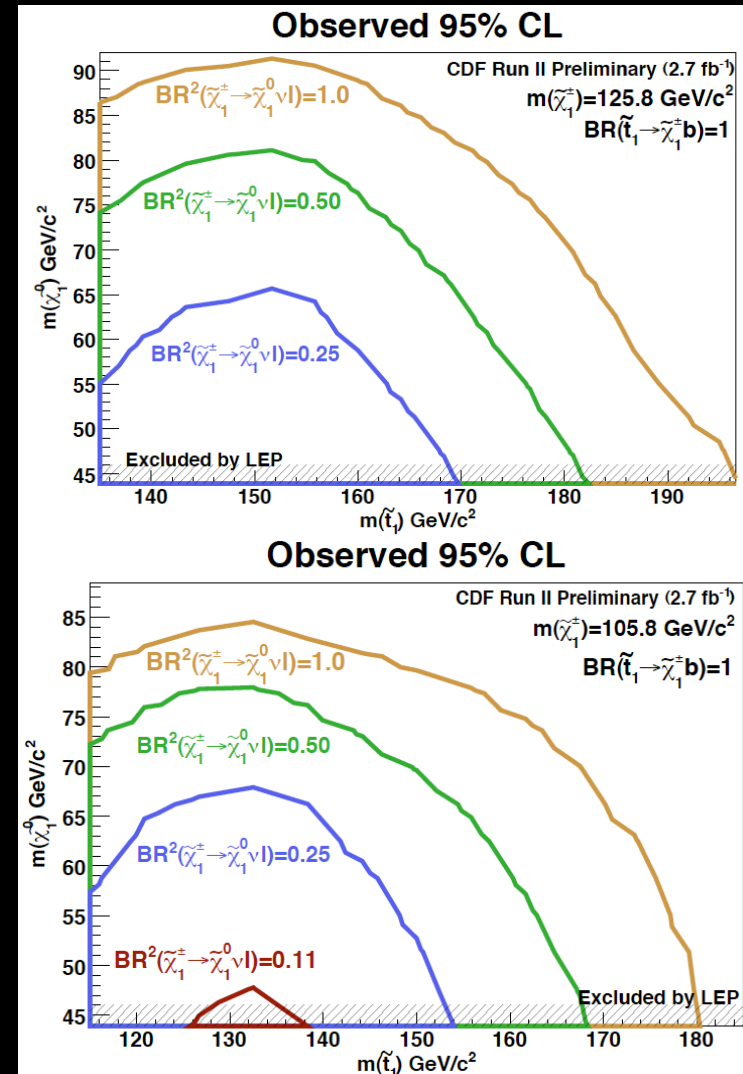
- Perform Minuit likelihood fit to reco-top mass

— Construct test-statistic:

$$Q = \frac{L(\text{data}|\text{signal} + \text{background})}{L(\text{data}|\text{background only})}$$

- Use Q in fit to determine 95% confidence limits
 - Systematic uncertainties are nuisance parameters
 - Confidence limits depend on leptonic branching ratio, masses of susy particles

CDF 2.7 fb⁻¹ Exclusion Limits For Different Chargino Masses

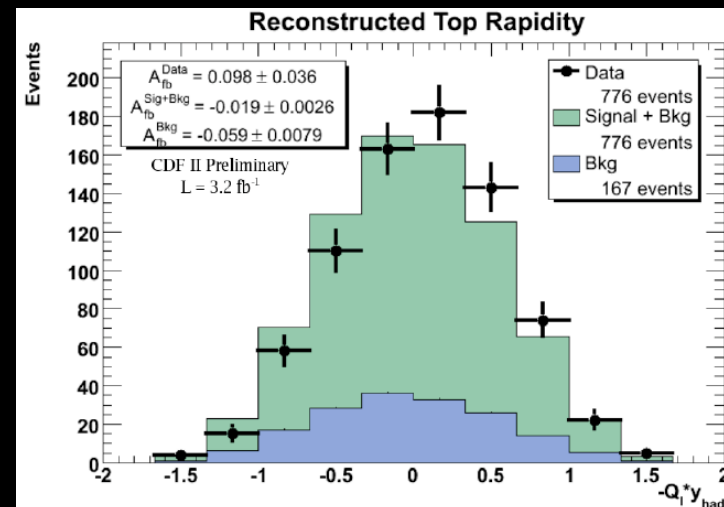




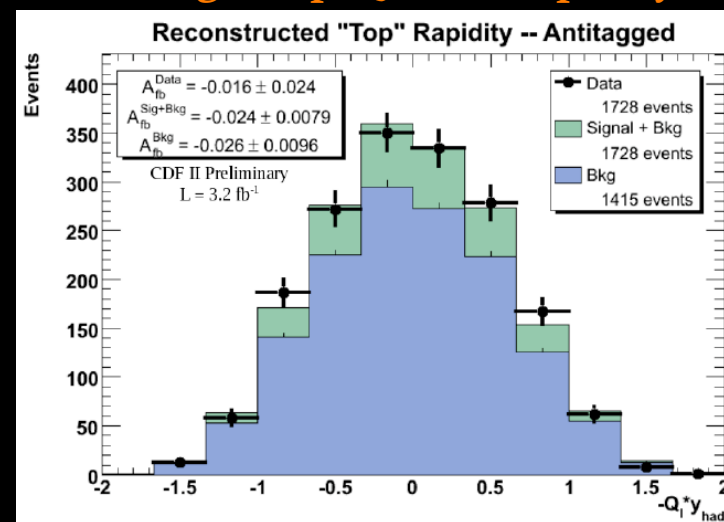
Measurement Methodology



- **Work in single lepton channel**
 - Reconstruction: Determine parton assignment with chi2 minimization
 - Lepton determines charges of each top
 - Use hadronic top to determine direction
 - If anti-top then flip sign to determine top direction
- **Frame of reference is important!**
 - Could transform to $t\bar{t}$ -frame, but uncertainties are high
 - Instead report A_{fb} in $p\bar{p}$ -frame
 - Dilution: A_{fb} expected ~30% smaller



Noticeable Asymmetry in Reconstructed +Charge Top Quark Rapidity



Must subtract backgrounds. Well modeled in sample with no b -tags.